



Australian Government
Australian Fisheries Management Authority

4 March 2025

Dear TRL Fishery Licence Holder,

TRL Total Allowable Catch for the 2024-25 Fishing Season is now 464,400 kgs

I am writing to advise that the Hon. Julie Collins has determined an increase to the total allowable catch (TAC) of tropical rock lobster (TRL) in the Australian waters of the TRL Fishery from 200 tonnes to 464.4 tonnes for the 2024-25 fishing season (*Torres Strait Fisheries Amendment (Quotas for Tropical Rock Lobster (Kaiaar)) (Total Allowable Catch) Determination 2025*). In line with the increased TAC please find the kilogram value of each quota unit and available catch for each TRL fishery sector outlined in the **Table 1** below.

This TAC increase was considered by the TRL Resource Assessment Group and the TRL Working Group who met 10-12 December 2024. Representatives from the traditional inhabitant and non-traditional inhabitant sectors of the Fishery held different views on the most appropriate harvest control rule for which the TAC should be calculated (known as an empirical Harvest Control Rule). As a result, these advisory committees were unable to provide consensus advice on the TAC. Meeting records will be available on the PZJA website soon. The PZJA then met on 25 February 2025 and endorsed the advice of the PZJA Standing Committee and requested that a long-term harvest control rule solution be considered more broadly by relevant stakeholders. AFMA will communicate with licence holders in the coming months how they can have their say on which harvest control rule should be applied in future.

The TAC increase is consistent with catch sharing arrangements between Australia and Papua New Guinea (PNG) agreed under the Torres Strait Treaty on 27 February 2025. The arrangements comprise agreement on a global TAC of 688 tonnes and an apportionment of catch between jurisdictions. At this stage, AFMA has not received formal nominations from PNG in relation to utilisation of PNG’s catch entitlement of TRL (120.4 tonnes) in areas of Australian jurisdiction of the Torres Strait Protected Zone under what is referred to as ‘cross-endorsement’ arrangements. A further explanation of how catch is shared between Australia and PNG is provided in the Enclosures to this letter.

Table 1. Quota unit value and available catch for each TRL fishery sector under the increased TAC. All weights are provided in unprocessed weight in kilograms. *held in trust by the TSRA

TRL Fishery Sector	TAC (kilograms)	Number of quota units	Value of each quota unit (kilograms)	Available catch (kilograms)
Traditional Inhabitant Boat (TIB) licence holders	464,400	662,016*	0.464401	307,441.153
Transferable Vessel Holder (TVH) licence holders		337,981		156,958.84

Canberra
 PO Box 7051
 Canberra ACT 2610
 P 02 6225 5555
 F 02 6225 5500

Darwin
 PO Box 131
 Darwin NT 0801
 P 08 8943 0333
 F 08 8942 2897

Thursday Island
 PO Box 376
 Thursday Island QLD 4875
 P 07 4069 1990
 F 07 4069 1277

Lakes Entrance
 PO Box 408
 Lakes Entrance VIC 3909
 P:0447 019 916

As always, licence holders should familiarise themselves with all management arrangements that apply in the TRL Fishery outlined in the TRL Management Arrangements booklet 2024-25 available on the PZJA website at <https://www.pzja.gov.au/management-arrangements-booklets> or by contacting AFMA.

Should you have any further questions on the matters covered in this letter, please contact the AFMA Thursday Island office on 07 4069 1990 or FisheriesTI@afma.gov.au. If you would also like to receive future management updates by email or SMS please contact the AFMA Thursday Island office to update your contact details.

Yours sincerely

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Tod Spencer', written over a horizontal line.

Tod Spencer

A/g Senior Manager, Torres Strait Fisheries

Enclosure

- A Additional information regarding catch sharing arrangements with Papua New Guinea
- B Infographic of Torres Strait TRL Catch Sharing Arrangements 2024-25

What are the Australia-PNG catch sharing arrangements this season?

The Torres Strait Treaty recognises the rights of both Australia and PNG to commercial fisheries in the area of the Torres Strait Protected Zone (TSPZ). The TSPZ is an area in the Torres Strait that includes both Australian and PNG waters. These rights include the right of Australia and PNG to fish in the waters of the other country. This practice is known as cross-endorsement and involves both countries nominating an agreed number of commercial fishing boats to fish an agreed share of the TAC. This share is usually 25% of the other country's TAC apportionment, unless otherwise agreed.

AFMA and the PNG National Fisheries Authority (NFA) agreed the following (outlined in **Table 2**):

- a. As per Article 22(1) of the Treaty, the global TAC of 688 tonnes is to be apportioned within each jurisdiction equal to 85 per cent (584.8 tonnes) in Australian waters and 15 per cent in PNG waters (103.2 tonnes);
- b. Australian boats can take in Australian waters, part of the cross-endorsement catch entitlement ordinarily available to PNG boats in Australian waters, equivalent to Australia's cross-endorsement catch entitlement in PNG waters (equal to 25.8 tonnes);
- c. In return, AFMA will not seek access to Australia's cross-endorsement catch entitlement in PNG waters and that this can instead be taken by PNG boats in PNG waters.
 - i. This is consistent with the PZJA agreement (on 19 November 2019) that subject to further consultation with stakeholders, the preferred arrangement for utilising Australia's cross-endorsement allocation within PNG's waters is to not seek cross-endorsement but rather pursue a preferential entitlement arrangement under Article 25 of the Treaty.

An illustration of this agreement is at **Enclosure B**.

Table 2. Catch apportionments and provisional cross-endorsement catch entitlements for the TRL Fishery for the 2024-25 fishing season.

Jurisdiction	Total Apportionment (tonnes)	Catch entitlement to PNG vessels (tonnes)	Catch entitlement to AU vessels (tonnes)
Australia	584.8 (85%)*	120.4 [#]	464.4
PNG	103.2 (15%)*	103.2	0
Total	688.0	223.6	464.4

* Based on the agreed distribution of TRL stocks in the TSPZ TRL Fishery between Australian and PNG waters.

[#] Under Article 23(4) of the Torres Strait Treaty, each Party is entitled to 25% of the catch share in the other Party's jurisdiction. This may be accessed by each Party through cross-endorsement. Under Article 25 of the Treaty, Parties can agree to transfer all or part of a given catch entitlement to the other Party.

TORRES STRAIT TROPICAL ROCK LOBSTER CATCH SHARING AGREEMENT 2024-25



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